

## Agenda & Introductions



Introductions

#### **Agenda**

Introductions

Community Rating System (CRS) Overview

Why Plan?

CRS Activity 510 Floodplain Management Planning (FMP)

- FMP Requirements & Planning Process
- · Stakeholder Coordination
- Public Outreach
- Risk Assessment

Next Steps





Introductions

#### **Introductions**

- Welcome!
- Opening Remarks

#### **City of Miramar, FL Project Leads**

Nixon Lebrun, Floodplain Administrator/ Building and Planning Department

#### **WSP Planning Consultants & Contact Info**

Project Manager: Judeen Johnson – judeen.johnson@wsp.com

Planner: Abby Moore - abigail.moore@wsp.com

Community
Rating System
(CRS)
Overview

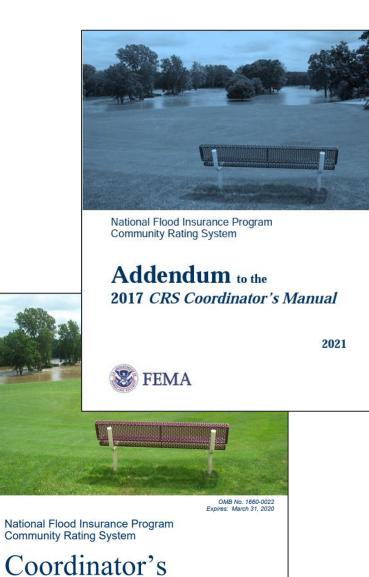


**CRS Overview** 

#### **Community Rating System**

- · FEMA NFIP Voluntary Program
- Point-based system with 10 classes
- 5% premium discount for every 500 points earned
- Encourages higher standards than the NFIP minimum

Table 110-1. CRS classes, credit points, and premium discounts.					
ODO Oleses	Credit Points (cT)	Premium Reduction			
CRS Class		In SFHA	Outside SFHA		
1	4,500+	45%	10%		
2	4,000-4,499	40%	10%		
3	3,500–3,999	35%	10%		
4	3,000-3,499	30%	10%		
5	2,500-2,999	25%	10%		
6	2,000–2,499	20%	10%		
7	1,500–1,999	15%	5%		
8	1,000–1,499	10%	5%		
9	500–999	5%	5%		
10	0–499	0	0		



Manual

FEMA

FIA-15/2017

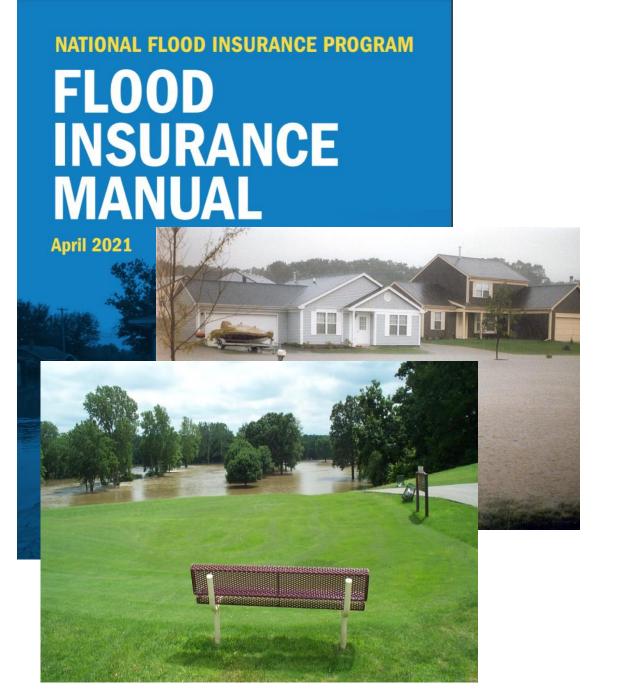


**CRS Overview** 

## **Community Rating System**

#### **Goals of the Program:**

- Reduce flood damage to insurable property
- Strengthen and support the insurance aspects of the NFIP
- Encourage a comprehensive approach to floodplain management





CRS Overview

#### **Insurance Data**

	Community:	MIRAMAR, CITY OF		State:	FLORIDA		
	County:	BROWARD COUNT	Y	CID:	120048		
Program:	Regular	En	nergency Entry:	10/18/1973	Regular Entry:	12/01/1977	
Status:	PARTICIPAT	ING			Status Effective:	12/01/1977	
Current Map:	07/31/2024	St	udy Underway:	YES	Level of Regs:	D	
FIRM Status:	REVISED				Initial FIRM:	12/01/1977	
FHBM Status:	SUPERCED	ED BY FIRM			Initial FHBM:	01/18/1974	
Probation Status	s:						
Probation Effect	tive:	Pro	bation Ended:				
Suspension Effe	ective:	Rei	nstated Effective:				
Withdrawal Effe	ctive:	Rei	nstated Effective:				
CRS Class / Dis	count: 08 / 10	%		Policies in Force:			2,497
Effective Date:	10/01/2022			Insurance in Force:			\$801,891,000.00
CAV Date:	07/08/2019 Worksho	p Date:	03/17/2025	No. of Paid Losses:			1,777
CAC Date:	06/14/2024 GTA Date	e:	03/19/2025	Total Losses Paid:			\$3,653,009.44
Tribal	bal Community Website: http://www.miramarfl		amarfl.gov	ov Sub. Damage Claims Since 1978:			7
Community				Data Sharing Agreement	Type:		
Community	Violations Tracker		HMGP Projects	Data Sharing Agreement	Date:		
OC Claims			FMA Projects				

2,497 policies in force

\$801m in coverage

\$3.65m in paid claims

7 substantial damage claims



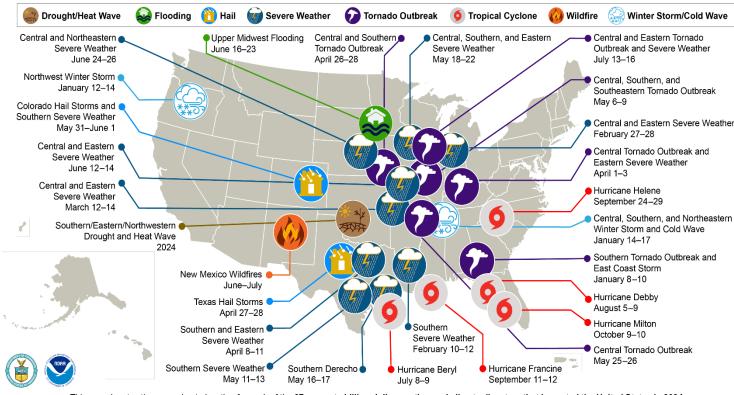


#### **Trends in Disasters**

## Trends resulting in increased costs for disaster response and recovery:

- Population and community growth = greater exposure to risk
  - More people living in hazardous areas
  - More buildings and infrastructure
- Hazards events occurring with more frequency and/or intensity

#### U.S. 2024 Billion-Dollar Weather and Climate Disasters



This map denotes the approximate location for each of the 27 separate billion-dollar weather and climate disasters that impacted the United States in 2024.

In 2024 there were 27 weather/climate disaster events in the U.S. with losses exceeding \$1 billion each

Six of these disasters have been flood-related hazards.



#### **Trends in Disasters**

#### Costliest Disasters across the United States since 1980

Disaster	Total Estimated Cost*	Deaths
Hurricane Katrina (2005)	\$201.3B	1,833
Hurricane Harvey (2017)	\$160.0B	89
Hurricane Ian (2022)	\$119.6B	152
Hurricane Maria (2017)	\$115.2B	2,981
Hurricane Sandy (2012)	\$88.5B	159
Hurricane Ida (2021)	\$84.6B	96
Hurricane Helene (2024)	\$78.7	219
Hurricane Irma (2017)	\$64.0B	97
Hurricane Andrew (1992)	\$60.5B	61
U.S. Drought/Heatwave (1988)	\$54.6B	454
Midwest Flooding (1993)	\$46.3B	48

CPI adjusted to 2024 dollars; reflects total cost and deaths across entire impacted area; Source: <a href="https://www.ncei.noaa.gov/access/billions/events">https://www.ncei.noaa.gov/access/billions/events</a>



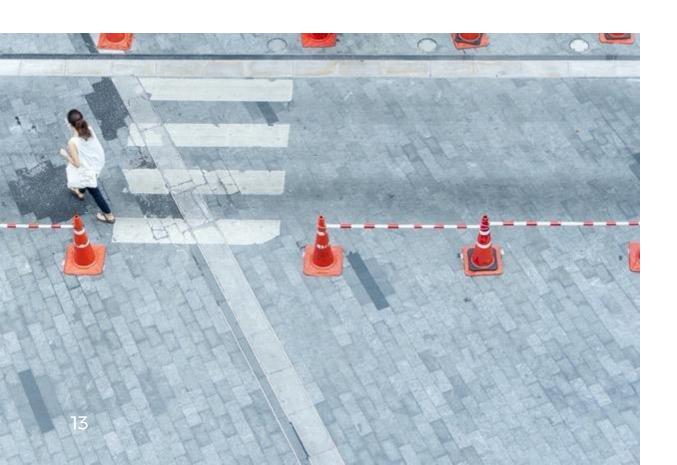
#### **Why Hazard Mitigation is a Priority**

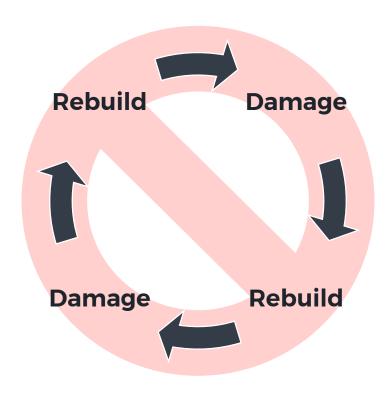
- The **spiraling costs of response and recovery**; the cost of doing nothing is too
  much
- 2 Many events are predictable and repetitive; we know what to expect
- Loss reduction activities can be **effective**, cost-beneficial, and environmentally sound
- There are **legal and moral**responsibilities to prevent future
  disasters
- There are **funds available** to help

		ational Benefit-Cost Ratio Per Peril **CR numbers in this study have been rounded byerall Hazard Benefit-Cost Ratio	Federally Funded 6:1	Beyond Code Requirements 4:1
	Riverine Floor		7:1	5:1
	Hurricane Sur	ge	Too few grants	7:1
	Wind		5:1	5:1
	Earthquake	=	3:1	4:1
1	Wildland-Urba	n Interface Fire	3:1	4:1



## Planning for Mitigation Helps to Break the Disaster Cycle





Mitigation is any **sustained action** taken to **reduce or eliminate long-term risk** to human life and property

# FMP Planning Process



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Revised as of October 1, 2018

Emergency Management and Assistance Project Overview

## Disaster Mitigation Act (DMA) Planning Requirements

#### What is DMA? Why is it Important?

- Outlines the planning requirements that local governments must follow
- Provides continued eligibility for mitigation funds, pre- and post-disaster funding
- Guides mitigation activities in a coordinated & economical manner
- Integrates into other existing planning mechanisms
- Directs future development and informs wise planning and building
- Reduces losses and makes communities more disaster resistant



#### Phase 1

Organize Resources



#### Phase 2

**Assess Risks** 



#### Phase 3

Develop a Mitigation Strategy



#### Phase 4

Adopt and Implement



Project Overview

## **Activity 510 CRS Planning Requirements**

#### **CRS Activity 510 Floodplain Management Planning**

10-Step planning process aligns with the four phases of DMA

This plan will follow a blended planning process; to meet the requirements of both programs



DMA Process CRS Process					
Phase I - Organize Resources					
§201.6(c)(1)	Step 1. Organize to Prepare the Plan				
§201.6(b)(1)	Step 2. Involve the Public				
§201.6(b)(2) & (3)	Step 3. Coordinate				
Phase II - Risk Assessment					
§201.6(c)(2)(i)	Step 4. Assess the Hazard				
§201.6(c)(2)(ii) & (iii)	Step 5. Assess the Problem				
Phase III - Mitigation Strateg	ıy				
§201.6(c)(3)(i)	Step 6. Set Goals				
§201.6(c)(3)(ii)	Step 7. Review Possible Activities				
§201.6(c)(3)(iii)	Step 8. Draft an Action Plan				
Phase IV - Plan Maintenance	•				
§201.6(c)(5)	Step 9. Adopt the Plan				
§201.6(c)(4)	Step 10. Implement, Evaluate, and Revise the Plan				



## **Activity 510: Floodplain Management Planning**

#### **10-Step Planning Process**

#### **Phase I: Organize Resources**

- Get organized
- 2. Plan for public involvement
- Coordinate with other departments and agencies

#### **Phase II: Risk Assessment**

- 4. Identify the hazard(s)
- 5. Assess the risks

#### Phase III: Develop a Mitigation Plan

- 6. Set planning goals
- 7. Review mitigation alternatives
- 8. Draft and action plan

#### **Phase IV: Adoption and Implementation**

- 9. Adopt the plan
- 10. Implement, evaluate, and revise



#### **Step 1: Get Organized**

Form the Floodplain Management Planning Committee (FMPC)

#### Membership on the FMPC is:

50%

50%

Local staff & officials

Residents & stakeholders

#### **Responsibilities of the FMPC:**

- Attend committee meetings
- Provide information on local capability
- Provide mitigation action ideas
- Review and provide feedback on draft documents





### Step 2: Plan for Public Involvement

- Public kickoff meeting
- Public meeting to review the draft plan
- Public participation on the FMPC
- Other opportunities to get involved:
  - Website and social media information
  - Public survey
  - Flyers
  - Draft documents for public review

City of Miramar, FL Floodplain Management Plan Public Survey
The City of Miramar is preparing a Floodplain Management Plan to identify and assess our community's flood hazard risks and determine how to best minimize or manage those risks
This survey is an opportunity for you to share your opinions and participate in the mitigation planning process. The information you provide will help us better understand your flooding problems and concerns and can lead to mitigation activities that help lessen the impacts of future floods.
1. What is your affiliation with the City of Miramar?
I live in Miramar
I work in Miramar
I visit Miramar for shopping/recreation
Other
2. Have you ever experienced or been impacted by high water or flooding in Miramar?
○ Yes
○ No
3. If you answered "Yes" to question 2, please explain your experience with flooding and provide the location of the incident:
Enter your answer



#### **Step 3: Coordinate with Stakeholders**

- Potential Stakeholders:
  - FEMA Region 4
  - NOAA, NWS, other federal agencies
  - FDEM, FDEP, other state agencies
  - Broward County
  - Neighboring communities
  - Local agencies & Non-profits
  - Businesses
  - Colleges & universities
  - Others?
- Stakeholders will be invited to contribute data and input, review drafts, and attend public meetings











#### **Step 4: Assess the Hazards**

#### **Hazard Identification**

- What can happen here?
- Hazard list will
   coordinate with the
   2023 Florida State
   Hazard Mitigation Plan
   and the 2023 Broward
   County Local
   Mitigation Strategy

#### **Risk Assessment**

- How does each hazard occur in the planning area?
- Profiles the hazards:
   description, location maps,
   severity, past occurrences,
   and probability of future
   occurrence
- Potential future flood conditions based on climate change, development, and other changes
- Areas likely to flood in the future

#### Potential Hazards for Inclusion in the Plan:

- Surface Water Flooding
- Stormwater Flooding
- Levee Failure
- Tropical Cyclones



#### **Step 5: Assess the Problem**

#### **Vulnerability Assessment**

- What will be affected or impacted?
- Property, critical facilities, people, economy, natural resources, cultural and historic resources
- Qualitative and quantitative methodologies for analysis
- GIS datasets will enable spatial analysis of vulnerability

#### **Capability Assessment**

- How can we implement mitigation?
- Planning & regulatory resources, administrative & technical resources, financial resources, past mitigation efforts, etc.



### Step 5: Assess the Problem

Collect updated data on local assets

- Buildings (building footprints and parcel data provided in GIS)
- Critical facilities (provided in GIS)
- Critical infrastructure
- Drainage hotspots/complaints
- Repetitive loss data
- Economic assets
- Natural resources
- · Historic and cultural resources

GIS data enables spatial analysis



Critical facilities and critical infrastructure will be categorized into **FEMA lifeline** categories

#### **Step 6: Set Goals**

#### Set Planning Goals

- Develop goals to guide the identification of mitigation projects
- Consider public feedback, existing plans, broader City goals, etc.





#### **Step 7: Review Possible Activities**

- Will consider action ideas from each of FEMA's mitigation categories:
  - Prevention
  - Property Protection
  - Structural Projects
  - Emergency Services
  - Natural Resource Protection
  - · Public Education
- Will include actions the City may pursue grant funding to implement
- Will integrate actions from other existing plans (LMS, Capital Improvement Plan, etc.)



#### Mitigation Ideas

A Resource for Reducing Risk to Natural Hazards

January 2013





#### **Step 8: Draft an Action Plan**

- · Develop and prioritize mitigation actions for all identified and evaluated hazards
- Who will be responsible, when will projects be completed, how will projects be funded, etc.

Action Item	Project	Hazards Addressed	Goals Met	Priority	Responsible Department/Agency	Mitigation Category	Funding Source	Timeframe
1	Coordinate with SFWMD on structural flood mitigation and flood-related education and outreach.	Flood: Coastal and Inland, Hurricane & Tropical Storm, Sea Level Rise, Coastal/Canal Bank Erosion	1	High	Village of Palmetto Bay Community & Economic Development, Public Services	Structural Projects, Public Information	Operating budget; additional funds TBD for structural projects	1-2 years
2	Pursue the acquisition and demolition of repetitive loss properties.	All Hazards	2	Low	Village of Palmetto Bay Building Department, Community & Economic Development, Planning & Zoning	Property Protection	HMGP, BRIC, FMA, other federal and state grant funds	5+ years
3	Adopt an increased freeboard requirement.	Flood: Coastal and Inland, Hurricane & Tropical Storm, Sea Level Rise, Flood: Stormwater/Localized, Coastal/Canal Bank Erosion	4	Low	Village of Palmetto Bay Building Department	Prevention	Operating budget	2 years
4	Expand GIS capabilities and resources to increase flood risk awareness and support further mitigation planning.	All Hazards	1, 4	High	Village of Palmetto Bay Planning & Zoning	Prevention	Operating budget	6 months – 1 year
5	Provide targeted and general flood education and outreach to the community in accordance with the Program for Public Information.	All Hazards	1	High	Village of Palmetto Bay Community & Economic Development	Public Information	Operating budget	5+ years
6	Pursue funding to support protection and/or retrofitting of existing septic systems.	All Hazards	2	High	Miami-Dade County w/ Village of Palmetto Bay	Property Protection	Federal, state and local grant funds	2+ years
7	Prohibit the installation of new septic systems within identified high-risk areas.	All Hazards	4	High	Village of Palmetto Bay Building Department, Planning & Zoning	Prevention	Operating budget	1-2 years
8	Coordinate with FDEM and Miami-Dade County to access and distribute more detailed topographic data (2-ft contour intervals) for improved flood risk modeling and planning.	All Hazards	1, 4	Medium	Village of Palmetto Bay Planning & Zoning	Prevention	Operating budget	5+ years
9	Incorporate flood mitigation into future updates of the Comprehensive Plan.	All Hazards	4	High	Village of Palmetto Bay Community & Economic Development	Prevention	Operating budget	1-2 years



## **Step 9: Adopt the Plan Step 10: Implement, Evaluate, and Revise**

- · City of Miramar must adopt the plan by resolution
- Ongoing plan maintenance includes at least annual meetings of the FMPC to review the plan
  - Quarterly meetings are recommended to encourage progress and maximize CRS credit for the plan
- Plan will continue to undergo a full update every five years

## Project Schedule





Schedule

#### **Project Schedule**

June & July

**Project Kickoff Meetings** 

Committee & Public Meetings

August

**Meeting 2** 

Risk Assessment Review

October

**Meeting 3** 

Capability & Mitigation Strategy

January

**Final Draft Plan Review Meetings** 

Committee & Public Meetings

## Opportunities to Stay Involved



Stay Involved

#### **Stay Involved**

#### **Respond to the public survey:**

- Where/when you've experienced flooding
- How flooding has impacted you
- · Ideas for flood mitigation

#### **Check the City's website for:**

- Meeting announcements
- Meeting agendas, minutes, and presentations
- Draft documents for review

City of Miramar, FL Floodplain Management Plan Public Survey



https://forms.office.com/e/21q3q12ur7

## Thank you



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